

Name _____

The Impact of the Boston Tea Party on the American Colonies

Short Answer Key

1. Answer: The Coercive Acts were punitive measures imposed by the British government after the Boston Tea Party. They included the closure of Boston Harbor, restrictions on town meetings, and the quartering of British troops in private homes. Their purpose was to punish Massachusetts, especially Boston, for the destruction of British tea and to exert control over the colonies.
2. Answer: The Boston Tea Party led to the solidification of colonial unity as colonists from various regions expressed support for Massachusetts. This unity resulted in the convening of the First Continental Congress in 1774, where representatives from 12 colonies gathered to discuss a unified response to British policies.
3. Answer: The Boston Tea Party heightened tensions as it demonstrated the colonists' determination to resist British taxation without representation. In response, the British government enacted the Coercive Acts, further antagonizing the colonies. This escalation of tensions ultimately pushed the colonies closer to armed conflict.
4. Answer: Following the Boston Tea Party, protest movements such as boycotts of British goods, public demonstrations, and the formation of colonial militias gained momentum. These actions were part of the broader resistance against British oppression.
5. Answer: The call for "no taxation without representation" reflected the colonists' demand for a voice in decisions affecting their taxes. It signified their opposition to British policies of imposing taxes without colonial consent. This principle became a central tenet of the colonial resistance movement and contributed to the push for greater self-determination.

