

Name _____

The Life Cycle of a Barracuda

Short Answer Key

1. Barracuda eggs are buoyant and drift in the ocean currents until they hatch into larvae.
2. Juvenile barracudas stay in mangroves and seagrass beds for protection from predators and access to food.
3. One challenge barracuda larvae face is avoiding predators that eat them.
4. Adult barracudas use their speed and sharp teeth to catch smaller fish.
5. The life cycle of a barracuda is important because it helps maintain their population and balance the ocean food chain.

