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The Life Cycle of a Betta Fish

The Betta fish, also known as the Siamese fighting fish, has a fascinating life cycle. From the moment it hatches to its vibrant adult stage, the Betta's life is full of transformation. Let's explore the stages of a Betta fish's life and how it grows over time.

Betta fish start their journey as tiny eggs laid by the female and placed into a bubble nest by the male. The bubble nest, floating on the surface of the water, keeps the eggs safe and secure. These eggs are extremely small—almost the size of a grain of sand! It usually takes about 24 to 48 hours for the eggs to hatch into fry, which are baby Betta fish.

At first, the fry are so tiny that they can't swim very well. They mostly cling to the bubble nest or hang near it. During this stage, the male Betta fish guards the fry and ensures their safety. For the first few days, the fry feed on their yolk sacs, which provide the nutrients they need to grow. After about three days, the fry begin swimming freely and hunting for tiny food particles in the water.

As they grow, Betta fry go through a juvenile stage, where they start to look more like adult Betta fish. Their fins and colors begin to develop, although they aren't as vibrant as those of a fully grown Betta. During this stage, Betta fish are very active and eat a lot to support their rapid growth. This stage can last several weeks.

Once the Betta fish reach the adult stage, they develop the bright colors and long fins that make them so beautiful. Bettas usually become fully grown around 3 to 4 months old. As adults, they are independent and can live for 2 to 3 years if cared for properly.

The life cycle of a Betta fish shows how these amazing creatures transform from tiny, fragile eggs to strong, colorful adults. Understanding their life stages helps pet owners care for them at every phase of their journey.