

Name \_\_\_\_\_

## Blooms of the Seasons

### Open-Ended Response Answer Key

1. Annuals complete their life cycle within one year, while perennials return year after year. Examples include marigolds and zinnias for annuals, and lilies and peonies for perennials.
2. Perennials are often considered timeless beauties because they return year after year, adding a sense of permanence and reliability to garden landscapes.
3. Biennials face challenges in completing their life cycle because they must survive through two growing seasons, facing different environmental conditions and potential threats.
4. The life cycles of annuals and biennials differ in duration, with annuals completing their cycle within one year and biennials taking two years to complete theirs.

