

Name _____

Defending Your Garden: Protecting Biennial Plants from Pests and Diseases

Multiple Choice Questions

1. What are some common pests that can affect biennial plants?
 - A) Deer and rabbits
 - B) Birds and squirrels
 - C) Aphids and caterpillars
 - D) Earthworms and ladybugs

2. What preventive measures can gardeners take to protect biennial plants from pests and diseases?
 - A) Using chemical pesticides
 - B) Selecting disease-resistant varieties and maintaining proper plant spacing
 - C) Applying excessive amounts of fertilizer
 - D) Ignoring plant hygiene and cultural practices

3. Why is regular monitoring of biennial plants important for pest and disease management?
 - A) To detect pest or disease problems early for timely intervention
 - B) To ensure the plants receive enough sunlight
 - C) To attract more pests to the garden
 - D) To discourage beneficial insects from visiting the garden

4. What are some cultural practices that can help minimize pest and disease pressure in biennial plants?
 - A) Overcrowding plants and neglecting to remove weeds
 - B) Practicing crop rotation and removing weeds and debris
 - C) Avoiding hand-picking pests and pruning affected plant parts
 - D) Using chemical pesticides indiscriminately

5. How can natural predators and biological controls help manage pests in biennial plants?
 - A) By increasing pest populations
 - B) By promoting pest infestations
 - C) By disrupting the natural balance of the ecosystem
 - D) By targeting specific pests and minimizing harm to beneficial insects

