

Name _____

The Fiery Fury: How Volcanic Eruptions Occur

Multiple Choice Questions

1. What is the primary factor contributing to the pressure within a volcano's magma chamber?
 - a. Temperature of the magma
 - b. Number of volcanic eruptions
 - c. Size of the volcano's vent
 - d. Depth of the volcano's crater

2. What happens when the pressure within a volcano's magma chamber exceeds the strength of the overlying rock?
 - a. The magma cools and solidifies.
 - b. The magma starts sinking deeper into the Earth.
 - c. The overlying rock becomes stronger.
 - d. The magma begins to rise towards the surface.

3. What drives the ascent of magma towards the surface during an eruption?
 - a. The magma's density
 - b. The color of the magma
 - c. The size of the volcano's crater
 - d. The presence of water in the magma

4. Which type of volcanic eruption involves highly viscous, sticky magma and often results in explosive eruptions?
 - a. Effusive eruptions
 - b. Quiet eruptions
 - c. Harmonic eruptions
 - d. Explosive eruptions

5. Why is monitoring volcanic activity and early warning systems crucial for communities near active volcanoes?
 - a. To study the rocks around the volcano
 - b. To predict the weather in the area
 - c. To provide timely alerts and ensure safety
 - d. To test the quality of the soil near the volcano

