

Name \_\_\_\_\_



## The Komodo Dragon's Habitat

The Komodo dragon is a fascinating reptile that lives in a unique habitat. These giant lizards are found only in Indonesia, mainly on the islands of Komodo, Rinca, Flores, Gili Motang, and Padar. These islands are part of a region called the Lesser Sunda Islands. The Komodo dragon's habitat consists of dry, open grasslands, tropical forests, and savannas. They prefer hot, arid areas where they can bask in the sun and find food easily.

Komodo dragons are often seen in grasslands and lowland forests. They choose places with some shade to cool off during the hottest parts of the day. These reptiles need a warm climate because they are cold-blooded, meaning their body temperature depends on their surroundings.

In addition to grasslands, Komodo dragons are also found in mangrove swamps and near beaches. They can swim well and sometimes move between nearby islands in search of food. Though they prefer land, they are capable swimmers, using their powerful tails to help them move through the water.

Komodo dragons create burrows in the ground where they sleep at night. These burrows help them stay warm during cool nights and provide protection from other predators. Their habitat provides plenty of food, such as deer, pigs, and smaller reptiles.

The limited range of the Komodo dragon makes conservation important. Habitat loss and human activity have made it essential to protect these creatures and their environment.