Name _____

From Idea to Law: The Journey of a Bill

Multiple Choice Questions

1. What is the first step in the process of a bill becoming a law?

a) Committee review

b) Introduction of the bill

c) Floor debate and vote

d) Presidential signature

2. Where does a bill go after being introduced by a member of Congress?

a) To the President for approval

b) To a committee for review

c) To the Supreme Court for evaluation

d) To the state government for consideration

3. What is the purpose of a conference committee in the legislative process?

a) To introduce a bill to Congress

b) To reconcile differences between the House and Senate versions of a bill

c) To vote on a bill's final version

d) To oversee the implementation of a law

4. What happens if the President neither signs nor vetoes a bill within 10 days while Congress is in session?

a) The bill is automatically vetoed.

b) The bill becomes a law without the President's signature.

c) The bill is sent back to Congress for further debate.

d) The bill is declared unconstitutional.

5. Why is the legislative process considered an essential part of American democracy?

a) It ensures that laws are enacted without debate.

b) It allows for careful consideration, debate, and compromise on important issues.

c) It speeds up the process of turning ideas into laws.

d) It prevents any changes to the bill after it is introduced.

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