

Name _____

International Criminal Court: Seeking Justice Worldwide

Short Answer Key

1. The primary types of serious international crimes addressed by the International Criminal Court (ICC) are genocide, war crimes, and crimes against humanity.
2. The principle of complementarity guides the ICC's operations by allowing it to intervene only when a country is unwilling or unable to prosecute individuals for serious international crimes. It ensures that the ICC acts as a court of last resort.
3. The ICC's jurisdiction is significant because it determines when the ICC can exercise its authority to prosecute individuals for serious international crimes. It is important in prosecuting individuals for such crimes because it clarifies when the ICC has the legal right to act.
4. Answers may vary, but one possible challenge that the ICC faces is criticism and skepticism from some countries and individuals who question its legitimacy and effectiveness in achieving its goals.
5. The ICC ensures that individuals accused of serious international crimes receive a fair trial by guaranteeing their rights, including the right to a fair trial, legal representation, and protection against self-incrimination.

