

Name \_\_\_\_\_

## Discovering Mexico's Marvels: Landmarks and Wonders

### Short Answer Key

1. Chichen Itza was a prominent Mayan city and is significant for its architectural marvels, such as El Castillo, which served as a temple dedicated to the god Kukulcan. It showcases the advanced knowledge and astronomical achievements of the Maya civilization.
2. Teotihuacan was a massive pre-Columbian city known for its impressive architecture, including the Pyramid of the Sun and the Pyramid of the Moon. Its layout and urban planning reflect its importance as a cultural and religious center in ancient Mesoamerica.
3. Palenque is primarily known for its well-preserved Maya architecture, and its most famous structure is the Temple of Inscriptions, which houses the tomb of the Maya ruler Pakal the Great. It is significant for providing valuable insights into Maya culture and history.
4. Copper Canyon got its name from the greenish hue of the canyon walls, which can resemble copper. It is a natural marvel due to its stunning landscapes, unique wildlife, and the rich culture of the indigenous Rarámuri people who inhabit the region.
5. Cenotes are natural pools formed by the collapse of limestone bedrock, revealing crystal-clear groundwater beneath. They are primarily found in the Yucatan Peninsula. Some are open to the sky, while others are enclosed within caves, creating a magical underwater world.

