

Name _____

The Legislative Journey: What Happens if a Bill Passes in One Chamber but Not the Other?

Short Answer Key

1. If the second chamber makes amendments or rejects a bill passed in the first chamber, the bill is returned to the originating chamber for further consideration and potential revisions.
2. It is important for both chambers to agree on a unified version of the bill to ensure that the legislative process is completed, and the bill can become law.
3. The conference committee plays a crucial role in reconciling differences between House and Senate versions of a bill by drafting a compromise version that both chambers must approve.
4. Political disagreements between the two chambers can lead to delays, compromises, or even the failure of a bill to progress in the legislative process.
5. The President's role is to either sign the bill into law or veto it, which can significantly impact the fate of the legislation.

