

Name _____

Medieval Society: Nobility, Clergy, and Peasants

Short Answer Key

1. The nobility in medieval society were responsible for providing protection and governance to their local regions. Lords and knights protected their lands through combat, while ladies managed household affairs.
2. The clergy in medieval society provided spiritual guidance, oversaw religious ceremonies, and played a significant role in education. Monasteries and convents served as centers of learning, preserving knowledge and teaching novices.
3. The feudal system defined the relationships and obligations between different classes in medieval society. It was based on the exchange of land and loyalty, with each class owing loyalty and service to the class above them.
4. Peasant women in medieval society were responsible for tasks such as cooking, cleaning, and caring for children. Their roles were essential to the survival of the community as they maintained households and supported farming efforts.
5. The Church was considered the religious and moral authority of medieval society due to its role in providing spiritual guidance, charity, and shaping the values and ethics of the population.

