

Name _____

Medieval Society: Nobility, Clergy, and Peasants

Open-Ended Response Answer Key

1. The feudal system in medieval society was a hierarchical structure that maintained social order through the exchange of land and loyalty. At the top was the monarch, followed by the nobility, clergy, and peasants. Each class owed loyalty and service to the class above them, creating a system of mutual obligations and protection.
2. As a noblewoman in medieval times, my daily life would involve overseeing the management of the estate, including finances and education. I would also play a role in maintaining the household and supporting the activities of my lord.
3. The roles and status of women in medieval society differed significantly between the nobility and the peasantry. Noblewomen had positions of authority and influence within their households, while peasant women played essential roles in farming and maintaining the household.
4. Monasteries and convents in medieval society were significant centers of learning. They preserved knowledge by transcribing manuscripts, taught novices, and played a crucial role in education and knowledge preservation during the Middle Ages.

