

Name _____

Seeking Refuge: International Laws and the Rights of Refugees

Multiple Choice Questions

1. What is the main purpose of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) in relation to refugees and asylum-seekers?
 - a) It defines who is a refugee.
 - b) It establishes the rights of refugees to work.
 - c) It proclaims the right to seek asylum and enjoy asylum from persecution.
 - d) It outlines the process for refugee resettlement.

2. Which international treaty defines who is a refugee and includes the principle of non-refoulement?
 - a) Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR)
 - b) 1951 Refugee Convention
 - c) 1967 Protocol
 - d) European Union Charter of Fundamental Rights

3. What does the principle of non-refoulement prohibit?
 - a) Discrimination against refugees
 - b) Detaining asylum-seekers
 - c) Returning refugees to a country where they would face persecution
 - d) Offering asylum without proper documentation

4. What is one of the rights that refugees and asylum-seekers should have according to international laws?
 - a) Freedom of movement
 - b) Right to detain others
 - c) Right to deny access to legal process
 - d) Right to arbitrary discrimination

5. Which international organization is primarily responsible for protecting and assisting refugees worldwide?
 - a) United Nations Security Council
 - b) International Red Cross
 - c) United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)
 - d) Amnesty International

