

Name _____

The Life Cycle of Whales: From Birth to Adulthood

Short Answer Key

1. Whale calves are born tail-first to prevent drowning during birth.
2. Mother whales provide rich milk and protection to help their calves grow.
3. Juvenile whales learn survival skills by observing and interacting with their pod.
4. Adult whales find mates, reproduce, lead pods, and teach younger whales survival techniques.
5. Whales contribute to the ecosystem by maintaining food chains and distributing nutrients.

