

Name _____

Exploring the World of Herbaceous Plants

Short Answer Key

1. Annual herbaceous plants complete their life cycle within a single growing season, from sprouting from seeds to flowering and producing seeds, all within one year.
2. Perennials can live for multiple years, regrowing from the same roots each spring, unlike annuals and biennials, which have shorter lifespans.
3. Bulbous herbaceous plants grow from underground storage structures called bulbs, which allow them to produce flowers year after year.
4. Examples of perennial herbaceous plants include daylilies, hostas, and peonies.
5. Biennials are called "biennials" because they complete their life cycle over two years, growing vegetatively in the first year and flowering in the second year.

